MS 70-412 Exam Objectives

Configuring Advanced Windows Server 2012 Services

Below are the exam objectives for *Configuring Advanced Windows Server 2012 Services R2 – Exam 70-412*

Tasks measured as per latest update implemented in January of 2014. This revision brings to 111 the total number of sub-objectives. The percentages in parenthesis are the approximate number of questions for that objective out of the typically 50 - 55 total number of questions presented at the exam.

I. Configure and manage high availability (15–20%)

1. Configure Network Load Balancing (NLB)

Install NLB nodes

Configure NLB prerequisites

Configure affinity

Configure port rules

Configure cluster operation mode

Upgrade an NLB cluster

2. Configure failover clustering

Configure quorum

Configure cluster networking

Restore single node or cluster configuration

Configure cluster storage

Implement Cluster-Aware Updating

Upgrade a cluster

Configure and optimize clustered shared volumes

Configure clusters without network names

Configure storage spaces

3. Manage failover clustering roles

Configure role-specific settings, including continuously available shares

Configure virtual machine (VM) monitoring

Configure failover and preference settings

Configure guest clustering

4. Manage VM movement

Perform live migration

Perform quick migration

Perform storage migration

Import, export, and copy VMs

II. Configure file and storage solutions (15–20%)

1. Configure advanced file services

Configure Network File System (NFS) data store

Configure BranchCache

Configure File Classification Infrastructure (FCI) using File Server Resource Manager (FSRM),

Configure file access auditing

2. Implement Dynamic Access Control (DAC)

Configure user and device claim types

Implement policy changes and staging

Perform access-denied remediation

Configure file classification

Create and configure Central Access rules and policies

Create and configure resource properties and lists

3. Configure and optimize storage

Configure iSCSI target and initiator

Configure Internet Storage Name server (iSNS)

Implement thin provisioning and trim

Manage server free space using Features on Demand

Configure tiered storage

III. Implement business continuity and disaster recovery (15–20%)

1. Configure and manage backups

Configure Windows Server backups

Configure Microsoft Azure backups

Configure role-specific backups

Manage VSS settings using VSSAdmin

2. Recover servers

Restore from backups

Perform a Bare Metal Restore (BMR)

Recover servers using Windows Recovery Environment (Win RE) and safe mode

Configure the Boot Configuration Data (BCD) store

3. Configure site-level fault tolerance

Configure Hyper-V Replica, including Hyper-V Replica Broker and VMs

Configure multi-site clustering

Including network settings, Quorum, and failover settings

Configure Hyper-V Replica extended replication

Configure Global Update Manager

Recover a multi-site failover cluster

IV. Configure Network Services (15–20%)

1. Implement an advanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) solution

Create and configure superscopes and multicast scopes

Implement DHCPv6

Configure high availability for DHCP

Including DHCP failover and split scopes

Configure DHCP Name Protection; configure DNS registration

2. Implement an advanced DNS solution

Configure security for DNS, including Domain Name System Security Extensions (DNSSEC)

DNS Socket Pool, and cache locking

Configure DNS logging

Configure delegated administration

Configure recursion

Configure netmask ordering

Configure a GlobalNames zone

Analyze zone level statistics

3. Deploy and manage IP Address Management (IPAM)

Provision IPAM manually or by using Group Policy

Configure server discovery

Create and manage IP blocks and ranges

Monitor utilization of IP address space

Migrate to IPAM, delegate IPAM administration

Manage IPAM collections

Configure IPAM database storage

V. Configure the Active Directory infrastructure (15–20%)

1. Configure a forest or a domain

Implement multi-domain and multi-forest Active Directory environments Including interoperability with previous versions of Active Directory Upgrade existing domains and forests

Including environment preparation and functional levels

Configure multiple user principal name (UPN) suffixes

2. Configure trusts

Configure external, forest, shortcut, and realm trusts
Configure trust authentication
Configure SID filtering
Configure name suffix routing

3. Configure sites

Configure sites and subnets
Create and configure site links
Manage site coverage
Manage registration of SRV records
Move domain controllers between sites

4. Manage Active Directory and SYSVOL replication

Configure replication to Read-Only Domain Controllers (RODCs)
Configure Password Replication Policy (PRP) for RODC
Monitor and manage replication
Upgrade SYSVOL replication to Distributed File System Replication (DFSR)

VI. Configure Identity and Access Solutions (15–20%)

1. Implement Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS)

Install AD FS
Implement claims-based authentication, including Relying Party Trusts
Configure authentication policies
Configure Workplace Join
Configure multi-factor authentication

2. Install and configure Active Directory Certificate Services (AD CS)

Install an Enterprise Certificate Authority (CA)
Configure certificate revocation lists (CRL) distribution points
Install and configure Online Responder
Implement administrative role separation
Configure CA backup and recovery

3. Manage certificates

certificate renewal

Manage certificate templates Implement and manage certificate deployment, validation, and revocation; manage

Manage certificate enrollment and renewal to computers and users using Group Policies Configure and manage key archival and recovery

4. Install and configure Active Directory Rights Management Services (AD RMS)

Install a licensing or certificate AD RMS server Manage AD RMS Service Connection Point (SCP) Manage RMS templates Configure Exclusion Policies Back-up and restore AD RMS